HOME-ARP Program Fact Sheet: HOME-ARP Allocation Plan

Overview:

As described in the Getting Your HOME-ARP Grant Fact Sheet, HUD began obligating HOME-ARP grants upon publication of the *CPD Notice: Requirements for the Use of Funds in the HOME-American Rescue Plan Program* ("the Notice") to provide PJs with access to 5 percent of the grant for eligible program administration and planning activities. However, to be provided access to the balance of its HOME-ARP funds, a PJ must engage in consultation and public participation processes and develop a HOME-ARP allocation plan. The plan must describe how the PJ intends to distribute HOME-ARP funds, including how it will use these funds to address the needs of HOME-ARP qualifying populations. PJs will submit the HOME-ARP allocation plan to HUD as a substantial amendment to the Fiscal Year 2021 annual action plan for HUD review and acceptance.

Consultation and Public Participation:

- <u>Consultation</u>: A PJ must consult with agencies and service providers whose clientele include the HOME-ARP qualifying populations to identify unmet needs and gaps in housing or service delivery systems. In its plan, a PJ must describe its consultation process, list the organizations consulted, and summarize the feedback received from these entities. At a minimum, a PJ must consult with:
 - CoC(s) serving the jurisdiction's geographic area (Note: State PJs are not required to consult with every CoC);
 - Homeless and domestic violence service providers;
 - Veterans' groups;
 - Public housing agencies (PHAs) (Note: State PJs are not required to consult with every PHA);
 - o Public agencies that address the needs of the qualifying populations; and,
 - Public or private organizations that address fair housing, civil rights, and the needs of persons with disabilities.
- <u>Public Participation</u>: PJs must provide for and encourage citizen participation in the development of the HOME-ARP allocation plan. At a minimum a PJ must:
 - Provide residents with reasonable notice and an opportunity to comment on the proposed HOME-ARP allocation plan of no less than 15 calendar days.
 - Follow its adopted requirements for "reasonable notice and an opportunity to comment" for plan amendments in its current citizen participation plan.
 - Hold at least one public hearing during the development of the HOME-ARP allocation plan prior to submitting the plan to HUD.

- Follow applicable fair housing and civil rights requirements and procedures for effective communication, accessibility, and reasonable accommodation for persons with disabilities and providing meaningful access to participation by limited English proficient (LEP) residents that are in its current citizen participation plan.
- Describe in the plan the public participation process, efforts made to broaden public participation, and a summary of public comments and recommendations accepted or not accepted and the reasons why.

HOME-ARP Allocation Plan Requirements:

- <u>Needs Assessment and Gap Analysis:</u> A PJ must evaluate the size and demographic composition of its qualifying populations and assess their unmet needs. In addition, a PJ must identify any gaps within its current shelter and housing inventory as well as the service delivery system. In addition, the plan must:
 - Identify the characteristics of housing associated with instability and an increased risk of homelessness if the PJ will include such conditions under HUD's definition of "other populations."
 - o Identify priority needs for qualifying populations; and,
 - Explain how level of need and gaps in its shelter and housing inventory and service delivery systems was determined.
- HOME-ARP Activities: The plan must:
 - Describe how a PJ will distribute HOME-ARP funds in accordance with its priority needs including the method for soliciting applications for funding and/or selecting developers, service providers, subrecipients and/or contractors and whether the PJ will administer eligible activities directly.
 - o Indicate the amount of HOME-ARP planned for each eligible activity type.
 - Demonstrate that planned funding for nonprofit organization operating assistance, nonprofit capacity building, and administrative costs is within HOME-ARP limits.
 - o Include a narrative about how the characteristics of its shelter and housing inventory, service delivery system, and the needs identified in the PJ's gap analysis provided a rationale for the plan to fund eligible activities.
- <u>HOME-ARP Production Goals:</u> The plan must estimate the number of affordable rental housing units for qualifying populations that the PJ will produce and describe a specific affordable rental housing production goal and how it will address the PJ's priority needs.
- <u>Preferences:</u> The plan must identify whether the PJ intends to give preference to one or more qualifying populations or a subpopulation within one or more qualifying populations for any eligible activity or project.
- <u>HOME-ARP Refinancing Guidelines:</u> If a PJ intends to use HOME-ARP funds to refinance existing debt secured by multifamily rental housing that is being rehabilitated with HOME-ARP funds, it must state its refinancing guidelines in accordance with <u>24 CFR 92.206(b)</u>.

- <u>Certifications and SF-424</u>: A PJ must submit the SF-424, SF-424B, and SF-424D and the required certifications with the HOME-ARP allocation plan, including the following:
 - Affirmatively Further Fair Housing;
 - Uniform Relocation Assistance and Real Property Acquisition Policies Act and Antidisplacement and Relocation Assistance Plan;
 - Anti-Lobbying;
 - Authority of Jurisdiction;
 - Section 3; and,
 - HOME-ARP specific certification that a PJ will only use HOME-ARP funds consistent with ARP and the HOME-ARP Notice for eligible activities and eligible costs.

Submission Process:

To submit the plan, a PJ must upload a Microsoft Word or PDF version of the plan as a Grantee Unique Appendix on either the AD-26 screen (for PJs whose Fiscal Year (FY) 2021 annual action plan is a Year 2-5 annual action Plan) or the AD-25 screen (for PJs whose FY 2021 annual action plan is a Year 1 annual action plan that is part of the 2021 consolidated plan), unless instructed by HUD to follow a different submission procedure.

HUD Review of the HOME-ARP Allocation Plan:

- HUD will review a PJ's HOME-ARP allocation plan to determine that it is substantially complete and consistent with the purposes of ARP. If a plan is not disapproved, then the plan is deemed approved 45 days after HUD receives the plan.
- HUD may disapprove a plan in accordance with <u>24 CFR 91.500(b)</u>, or if HUD determines that the plan is inconsistent with the purposes of ARP or substantially incomplete.
 - A PJ's plan is inconsistent with ARP if it allocates HOME-ARP funds for uses other than a HOME-ARP eligible activity, as described in the Notice.
 - o A PJ's HOME-ARP allocation plan is substantially incomplete if:
 - The PJ does not complete the required public participation or consultation or fails to describe those efforts in the plan;
 - The PJ fails to include the required elements outlined in the Notice, including the amount of HOME-ARP funds for each eligible HOME-ARP activity type;
 - The PJ fails to identify and describe the responsibilities of the subrecipient or contractor administering all of a its HOME-ARP award, if applicable; and/or,
 - HUD rejects the PJ's HOME-ARP certification as inaccurate
- HUD will notify a PJ in writing with the reasons for disapproval and the PJ may revise and
 resubmit the plan within 45 days after the first notification of disapproval. HUD will
 respond to accept or disapprove the resubmitted plan within 30 days of receipt.
- The PJ must make the final accepted HOME-ARP allocation plan available to the public in accordance with the same requirements in the PJ's current citizen participation plan.

HOME-ARP Program Fact Sheet: Tenant-Based Rental Assistance

Overview:

HOME-ARP funds may be used to provide tenant-based rental assistance ("HOME-ARP TBRA") to individuals and families that meet one of the Qualifying Populations defined in the *CPD Notice: Requirements for the Use of Funds in the HOME-American Rescue Plan Program* ("the Notice"). A PJ may assist a qualifying household by providing payments towards housing and housing-related costs, such as rent, security deposits, utility deposits, and utility costs. Because HOME-ARP TBRA is attached to the qualifying household and not a particular rental unit, the household may choose to move to another unit with continued assistance as long as the new unit meets the applicable property standards. HOME-ARP TBRA may be provided in coordination with a non-profit HOME-ARP sponsor that facilitates a qualifying household's use of HOME-ARP TBRA. The HOME-ARP sponsor may make rental subsidy payments and a security deposit payment on behalf of a qualifying household or may sublease a unit to the qualifying household.

Eligible Costs:

• <u>Eliqible Costs</u>: HOME-ARP funds may be used to provide rental assistance, security deposit assistance, utility deposits, and utility payments to qualifying households. HOME-ARP may pay up to 100% of these costs for a qualifying household.

Project Requirements:

- <u>Portability of Assistance</u>: A PJ may require the HOME-ARP TBRA assisted household to use the assistance within the PJ's boundaries or may permit the household to use the assistance outside its boundaries as outlined at <u>24 CFR 92.209(d)</u>.
- <u>Term of Rental Assistance Contract</u>: The PJ must determine the maximum term of HOME-ARP TBRA assistance contracts and whether contracts will be renewable.
- <u>Maximum Subsidy</u>: The PJ must establish policies for the allowable maximum subsidy, which may differ from the maximum subsidy requirements at 24 CFR 92.209(h). PJs may provide up to 100 percent subsidy for rent, security deposit payments, and utility bills. The PJ must also establish policies for determining any household contribution to rent.
- <u>Rent Reasonableness</u>: The PJ must determine whether the rent is reasonable in comparison to rent for other comparable unassisted units and must disapprove a lease if the rent is not reasonable.
- Housing Quality Standards: Housing must comply with all housing quality standards required at 24 CFR 982.401 (or successor inspection standards issued by HUD) unless the

- tenant is residing in a HOME or HOME-ARP unit, in which case the PJ may defer to initial and ongoing inspection standards for the housing.
- <u>Use of a HOME-ARP Sponsor</u>: A HOME-ARP sponsor a nonprofit organization that provides housing or supportive services to qualifying households may facilitate the leasing of a HOME-ARP rental unit or the use and maintenance of HOME-ARP TBRA. A sponsor may make rental subsidy payments and a security deposit payment on behalf of a qualifying household.

PJ Management and Oversight:

- Rental Assistance Contract: HOME-ARP TBRA must be provided through a rental assistance contract with the PJ and (1) an owner that leases a unit to a qualifying household; (2) the qualifying household, (3) a HOME-ARP sponsor or (4) an owner and the qualifying household in a tri-party contract.
- <u>Lease and Sublease</u>: PJs must require and verify that there is an executed lease between the qualifying household and the owner of the rental unit or a between an owner and a HOME-ARP sponsor with a sublease between the qualifying households and the HOME-ARP sponsor that complies with tenant protection requirements in accordance with <u>24 CFR 92.253(a)</u>. PJs may permit a HOME-ARP sponsor to execute a lease with an owner for an individual unit or a master lease for more than one unit restricted for occupancy by HOME-ARP TBRA households.
- Written Agreement with HOME-ARP Sponsor: The PJ must enter into a written agreement
 with the HOME-ARP sponsor if the HOME-ARP TBRA rental assistance contract is not with
 the HOME-ARP sponsor and the HOME-ARP sponsor will be receiving the HOME-ARP TBRA
 subsidy directly from the PJ.

HOME-ARP Program Fact Sheet: Supportive Services

Overview:

A PJ may use HOME-ARP funds to provide a broad range of supportive services to individuals and families that meet one of the qualifying populations as defined in *CPD Notice*: Requirements for the Use of Funds in the HOME-American Rescue Plan Program ("the Notice"). Supportive services may be provided to individuals and families who are not already receiving the services outlined in the Notice through another program. PJs may establish a separate supportive services activity or activities or may combine supportive services with other HOME-ARP activities.

Eligible Services and Costs:

<u>Eligible Supportive Services</u>: There are three categories specifically included as supportive services under HOME-ARP:

- <u>McKinney-Vento Supportive Services</u>: McKinney-Vento Supportive Services under HOME-ARP are adapted from the services listed in section 401(29) of the McKinney-Vento Homeless Assistance Act ("McKinney-Vento Supportive Services") (42 U.S.C. 11360(29)).
- Homelessness Prevention Services: HOME-ARP Homelessness Prevention Services are adapted from certain eligible homelessness prevention services under the Emergency Services Grant (ESG) regulations at <u>24 CFR Part 576</u>.
- Housing Counseling Services: Housing counseling services under HOME-ARP are those
 consistent with the definition of housing counseling and housing counseling services
 defined at 24 CFR 5.100 and 5.111, respectively, except that homeowner assistance and
 related services are not eligible HOME-ARP activities.

<u>Eligible Costs of Supportive Services for Qualifying Individuals and Families:</u> HOME-ARP funds may be used to pay eligible costs associated with the HOME-ARP supportive services activity in accordance with the requirements of the Notice.

<u>Eligible Costs Associated with McKinney-Vento and Homelessness Prevention Supportive Services:</u>

- All qualifying households are eligible to receive supportive services under the HOME-ARP supportive services activity. Eligible costs associated with McKinney-Vento supportive services and homelessness prevention supportive services include:
 - Costs of child care;
 - Costs of improving knowledge and basic educational skills;

- Costs of establishing and/or operating employment assistance and job training programs
- Costs of providing meals or groceries
- Costs of assisting eligible program participants to locate, obtain and retain housing
- Costs of certain legal services
- Costs of teaching critical life management skills
- Financial assistance costs, including:
 - Rental application fees
 - Security deposits
 - Utility deposits
 - Payment of rental arrears

- The costs of homelessness prevention services are only eligible to the extent that the
 assistance is necessary to help program participants regain stability in their current
 permanent housing or move into other permanent housing to achieve stability in that
 housing.
- PJs must establish requirements documenting an eligible cost as McKinney-Vento supportive services to an individual or family in a qualifying population, homelessness prevention services, or Housing Counseling.

<u>Eligible Costs Associated with Housing Counseling</u>: Costs associated with housing counseling services as defined at <u>24 CFR 5.100</u> and <u>5.111</u> are eligible. Costs may only be paid under HOME-ARP if housing counseling services are provided by HUD-certified housing counselors and organizations.

- Eligible costs include:
 - Staff salaries and overhead costs of HUD-certified housing counseling agencies related to directly providing eligible housing counseling services to HOME- program participants
 - Development of a housing counseling workplan
 - Marketing and outreach
 - o Intake
 - Financial and housing affordability analysis
 - Action plans that outline what the housing counseling agency and the client will do to meet the client's housing goals and that address the client's housing problem(s)
 - Follow-up communication with program participants
- Costs for the provision of services to existing homeowners related to homeownership and mortgages to existing homeowners are not eligible under HOME-ARP.
- If a program participant is a candidate for homeownership, costs associated with prepurchase homebuying counseling, education and outreach are eligible under HOME-ARP.

^{**}Please consult the Notice for a full list and description of eligible costs.

Oversight and Management: A PJ is responsible for the day-to-day management and oversight of its HOME-ARP program including but not limited to the following:

- <u>Oversight of Eliqible Costs</u>: All supportive service costs paid for by HOME-ARP must comply with the requirements of the Notice and Uniform Administrative Requirements at <u>2 CFR part 200</u>, subpart E, Cost Principles that require costs be necessary and reasonable.
- <u>No Duplication of Services</u>: PJs are responsible for establishing requirements that allow a program participant to receive only the HOME-ARP services needed so there is no duplication of services or assistance in the use of HOME-ARP funds for supportive services.
- <u>Termination of Assistance</u>: The PJ may terminate assistance to a program participant who violates program requirements or conditions of occupancy.

HOME-ARP Program Fact Sheet:Rental Housing

Overview:

A PJ may use HOME-ARP funds to acquire, construct and rehabilitate rental housing for occupancy by individuals and families that meet one of the Qualifying Populations defined in *CPD Notice: Requirements for the Use of Funds in the HOME-American Rescue Plan Program* ("the Notice"). HOME-ARP rental housing may include single family or multifamily housing, transitional or permanent housing, group homes, single room occupancy (SRO) units, and manufactured housing.

To promote the development of financially viable housing, PJs may pay the entire amount of eligible costs associated with HOME-ARP rental units, are encouraged to work with local PHAs and state or local agencies to obtain project-based rental assistance and may provide ongoing operating cost assistance or capitalize a project operating cost assistance reserve to address operating deficits of HOME-ARP units occupied by qualifying households. To promote inclusion of HOME-ARP units in mixed-income housing, up to 30 percent of the units a PJ funds with its HOME-ARP grant may be restricted for occupancy by households that are low-income.

Eligible Activities and Costs:

- <u>Eliqible Activities</u>: Acquisition, construction, and rehabilitation of affordable rental housing, including reconstruction as defined in <u>24 CFR 92.2</u>. Acquisition of vacant land or demolition may be undertaken only with respect to a HOME-ARP project for which construction is expected to start within 12 months of commitment.
- <u>Eliqible Costs</u>: HOME-ARP funds may pay for up to 100 percent of the following eligible costs associated with HOME-ARP rental units:
 - Development hard costs include the actual cost of constructing and rehabilitating housing to meet applicable property standards. Eligible development costs also include site improvements, utility connections and costs to construct or rehabilitate laundry and community facilities located within the same building as the HOME-ARP housing;
 - Refinancing of existing debt secured by a HOME-ARP rental project rehabilitated with HOME-ARP funds;
 - Acquisition costs of improved or unimproved real property;
 - Related soft costs including reasonable and necessary costs incurred by the PJ or project owner associated with the financing, development, acquisition, or rehabilitation of HOME-APR rental housing;
 - o Relocation costs as defined in 24 CFR 92.206(f), 24 CFR 92.353, and the Notice;
 - Certain costs related to the payment of construction, bridge, or guaranteed loans, if HOME-ARP is part of original financing; and

Operating cost assistance, through a capitalized operating reserve or ongoing operating cost payments, for HOME-ARP units restricted for occupancy by qualifying households.

Beneficiary Requirements:

- <u>Eliqible Beneficiaries:</u> HOME-ARP funds must primarily benefit individuals and families that meet one of the qualifying populations defined in the Notice. However, not more than 30 percent of the total number of rental units assisted with HOME-ARP funds may be occupied by low-income households as defined in <u>24 CFR 92.2</u>.
- Household Income: The following income requirements apply to HOME-ARP households:
 - Qualifying Households: At initial occupancy and each subsequent year during the minimum 15-year compliance period, the PJ must use the definition of annual income at 24 CFR 5.609 and the process described in the Notice to determine the household's contribution to rent.
 - <u>Low-Income Households</u>: The PJ must use the definition of annual income at <u>24 CFR</u> <u>5.609</u> and the process described in the Notice to examine the household's income at initial occupancy and each subsequent year during the minimum 15-year compliance period to determine the household's ongoing income eligibility and applicable contribution to rent.
- <u>Tenant Contribution to Rent</u>: A qualifying household may not contribute to rent more than is affordable based on the PJ's determination of the household's income.

Project Requirements:

- <u>Targeting and Occupancy</u>: Not less than 70 percent of the total number of rental units a PJ assists with HOME-ARP funds must be restricted to occupancy by households that are qualifying households at the time of the household's initial occupancy. Not more than 30 percent of the total number of rental units assisted with HOME-ARP funds by the PJ may be restricted for occupancy by low-income households. A household that met the definition of one or more qualifying populations at initial occupancy remains a qualifying household throughout their period of occupancy irrespective of changes in income or whether they continue to meet a qualifying population definition (e.g., no longer qualify as homeless after being admitted to a HOME-ARP unit).
- <u>Property Standards</u>: HOME-ARP rental units must comply with all rental property standards required in <u>24 CFR 92.251</u> paragraphs (a), (b), (c)(1) and (2), (e), and (f).
- Minimum Compliance Period: HOME-ARP rental units must comply with the HOME-ARP rental requirements for a minimum of 15 years, irrespective of the amount of HOME-ARP funds invested in the project or the activity undertaken. If a project-based rental assistance Housing Assistance Payments (HAP) contract is awarded to a HOME-ARP rental project, the minimum compliance period is the greater of 15 years or the term of the HAP contract.
- <u>Rent Limitations</u>: HOME-ARP establishes rent limitations for units restricted for qualifying households and units restricted for low-income households as follows:

- <u>Units Restricted for Occupancy by Qualifying Households</u>: The HOME-ARP rent may not exceed 30 percent of the adjusted income of a household whose annual income is equal to or less than 50 percent of the median income for the area, as determined by HUD (i.e., Low HOME Rents).
- Units Restricted for Occupancy by Low-Income Households: HOME-ARP rental units restricted for low-income households must comply with the rent limitations at <u>24 CFR</u> 92.252(a).
- Additional HOME-ARP Unit Limitations, if applicable:
 - <u>Federal/State Project-Based Rental Subsidy:</u> A HOME-ARP unit that receives Federal or state project-based rental subsidy may charge the rent allowable under the rental subsidy program.
 - Single Room Occupancy Units (SRO): If an SRO unit has both sanitary and food preparation facilities, the maximum HOME-ARP rent is based on the zero-bedroom fair market rent. If the SRO unit only has sanitary facilities, the maximum HOME-ARP rent is based on 75 percent of the zero-bedroom fair market rent.
- <u>Changes in Income and Over Income Households</u>: A PJ must take action to address overincome households occupying HOME-ARP units as follows:
 - Qualifying Households: A qualifying household whose annual income at the time of recertification is above 50 percent of median income for the area but below 80 percent of median income for the area must pay the rent specified in <u>24 CFR 92.252(a)</u>.
 - o <u>Low-Income Households</u>: A low-income household whose income is above 80 percent of the median income for the area must pay rent that complies with 24 CFR 92.252(i)(2).
- <u>Lease and Tenant Protections</u>: Each household that occupies a HOME-ARP assisted unit must execute a lease that complies with the tenant protection requirements prescribed in the Notice.
- Master Leasing and Use of a HOME-ARP Sponsor: A HOME-ARP sponsor a nonprofit
 organization that provides housing or supportive services to qualifying households may
 execute a lease for a HOME-ARP unit or a master lease for multiple units in a project. The
 HOME-ARP sponsor may then sublease the HOME-ARP rental unit to a qualifying household.
- <u>Coordinated Entry and Project-Specific Waitlists</u>: On a project-by-project basis, a PJ must decide whether a project owner may use a Continuum of Care's (CoC) Coordinated Entry (CE), a CoC's CE and other referral sources, or a project-specific waitlist to select qualifying households for HOME-ARP units restricted for occupancy by qualifying households. A project owner must use a project-specific waitlist to select low-income households to occupy units restricted for occupancy by low-income households.

Oversight and Management:

A PJ is responsible for the day-to-day management and oversight of its HOME-ARP program including but not limited to the following:

- <u>Underwriting and Subsidy Layering</u>: A PJ must establish underwriting and subsidy layering guidelines for determining the appropriate amount of HOME-ARP funds, including any operating cost assistance provided to maintain the financial viability of the HOME-ARP project through the 15-year minimum compliance period.
- <u>Enforcement of Rental Requirements</u>: A PJ must impose the HOME-ARP rental requirements through a deed restriction, covenant running with the land, legally binding agreement restricting the use of the property and recorded on the property in accordance with State recordation laws, or other mechanism approved by HUD.
- <u>Project Completion, Occupancy and Noncompliance</u>: A PJ must repay any HOME-ARP funds invested in units that are 1) not completed within 4 year of project commitment, 2) not rented to eligible qualifying or low-income households within 12 months of project completion, or 3) terminated before completion or otherwise not compliant with the HOME-ARP rental requirements.
- Management and Oversight of Operating Cost Assistance Reserve: A PJ must require any HOME-ARP funds expended for project operating cost assistance reserves be held by a project owner in a separate interest-bearing account with review and written approval from the PJ prior to any disbursement of HOME-ARP funds from the operating cost assistance reserve account. The PJ must, no less than annually, review the operating cost assistance reserve account to determine that it is appropriately sized based on projected deficits for units restricted for occupancy by qualifying households.

HOME-ARP Program Fact Sheet: Non-Congregate Shelter

Overview:

HOME-ARP funds may be used to acquire and develop non-congregate shelter (HOME-ARP NCS) for individuals and families that meet one of the Qualifying Populations defined in the CPD Notice: *Requirements for the Use of Funds in the HOME-American Rescue Plan Program* ("the Notice"). NCS provides private units or rooms as temporary shelter to individuals and families and do not require occupants to sign a lease or occupancy agreement. This activity may include the construction of new structures or the acquisition and/or rehabilitation of existing structures (such as motels, nursing homes, or other facilities) to be for use as HOME-ARP NCS. The Notice establishes requirements applicable to HOME-ARP NCS.

Eligible Activities and Costs:

- <u>Eligible Activities:</u> HOME-ARP funds may be used to acquire, rehabilitate, or construct NCS units to serve individuals and families Qualifying Populations.
- Eligible Costs: HOME-ARP funds may be used for:
 - <u>Acquisition Costs</u>: Costs to acquire improved or unimproved real property for use as or development of HOME-ARP NCS.
 - <u>Demolition Costs</u>: Costs to demolish existing structures for the purpose of developing HOME-ARP NCS.
 - <u>Development Hard Costs</u>: Costs to rehabilitate or construct HOME-ARP NCS units to meet the HOME-ARP minimum habitability standards. Costs to make improvements to the project site, including installation of utilities or utility connections, laundry facilities, community facilities, on-site management, or supportive service offices.
 - <u>Related Soft Costs</u>: Reasonable and necessary costs incurred by the PJ, subrecipient, or project owner associated with financing, acquisition, and development of HOME-ARP NCS projects.
 - <u>Replacement Reserve</u>: Costs to capitalize a replacement reserve to cover reasonable and necessary costs of replacing major systems and their components.
- <u>Ineligible Costs</u>: HOME-ARP funds may not be used to pay ongoing costs of operating HOME-ARP NCS or to convert NCS to housing.

Admission and Occupancy:

- HOME-ARP NCS units may only be occupied by individuals or families that meet the criteria for one or more of the Qualifying Populations.
- Program participants may not be charged occupancy fees or other charges to occupy a
 HOME-ARP NCS unit unless the PJ determines such fees and charges are customary and
 reasonable and the charges comply with <u>24 CFR 578.77(b)</u>.

- PJs are encouraged to incorporate HOME-ARP NCS units into the CE established by the CoC(s) for the area the NCS is funded to serve, if the CE complies with the requirements established in the HOME-ARP Notice.
- HOME-ARP supportive services may also be provided, if needed, to Qualifying Populations served by the NCS.

Project Requirements:

- <u>Property and Habitability Standards</u>: At project completion, HOME-ARP NCS units and common areas must meet all applicable State and local codes, ordinances, and requirements and HUD's Lead Safe Housing Rules at <u>24 CFR Part 35</u>. Project classification as acquisition only, rehabilitation, or new construction is determined by the PJ's local code requirements based on specific work to be performed. Projects must meet HOME-ARP NCS ongoing property standards throughout the restricted use period.
- Restricted Use Period: HOME-ARP NCS projects must comply with HOME-ARP requirements during the restricted use period established in the HOME-ARP Notice.

New Construction:15 yearsRehabilitation:10 yearsAcquisition Only:10 years

- <u>Use as NCS</u>: The NCS may remain as HOME-ARP NCS for the restricted use period or may be used as NCS under the Emergency Shelter Grant (ESG) program.
- <u>Conversion to Housing</u>: ARP permits HOME-ARP NCS units to be converted into permanent housing under the Continuum of Care (CoC) program or permanent affordable housing during the restricted use period in accordance with requirements established in the Notice. No HOME-ARP funds may be used for conversion.
 - Minimum Use Period: All HOME-ARP NCS projects must be operated as NCS for a minimum period of time prior to conversion. The minimum use period prior to conversion varies based on the original HOME-ARP NCS eligible activity undertaken and the amount of funds invested in the project.
 - O <u>Permanent Affordable Housing</u>: During the restricted use period, but only after the HOME-ARP NCS minimum use period, a PJ may provide written approval to convert the project from HOME-ARP NCS to permanent affordable housing (e.g., affordable multifamily rental housing, transitional housing) in accordance with the requirements prescribed in the PJ's written agreement with the HOME-ARP NCS owner.
 - O <u>CoC Permanent Housing</u>: During the restricted use period, but only after the HOME-ARP NCS minimum use period has been met, a PJ may permit conversion of a HOME-ARP NCS project to permanent housing under <u>24 CFR 578.43</u> (acquisition) and/or <u>24 CFR 578.45</u> (rehabilitation) of the CoC program regulations. Conversions must comply with any conversion requirements established in the PJ's written agreement with the HOME-ARP NCS owner. If conversion is planned, the HOME-ARP NCS use restrictions must

remain in place until the project is approved for CoC funding and the required CoC restrictions are imposed on the property.

PJ Management and Oversight:

<u>Project Development Due Diligence</u>: Before awarding HOME-ARP funds to a HOME-ARP NCS project, PJs must determine that acquisition and/or development is financially feasible. The PJ is responsible for maintaining continued operation of the NCS and must consider whether the HOME-ARP NCS project has secured or has a high likelihood of securing operating funding, because operating costs cannot be paid with HOME-ARP.

PJs must assess HOME-ARP NCS projects, including a review of information from the owner and/or developer that demonstrates the project's financial feasibility throughout the restricted use period.

Before committing funds, PJs should also determine whether the owner intends to continue operating the project as HOME-ARP NCS or emergency shelter NCS under ESG for the restricted use period or plans to convert the HOME-ARP NCS to housing after the minimum use period has been met. In such instances, the PJ should consider the physical design needs of an eventual conversion in its evaluation of the HOME-ARP NCS project.